**Adverbial Noun and Relative clause practice and editing NAME:**

**Objective: CCSS 10.RL.1 – Use various types of clauses (independent, dependent) to convey specific meanings and add variety and interest to writing.**

***For all questions correct the sentences using the editing marks from your notes (or get them online at www.mrrestad.weekbly.com).***

1. (5) A cynic is a man, who looks around for a coffen, when they smells flowers.
2. (3) Hockey players wears lots of protective clothing, in order that they dont get hurt.
3. (5) they live in a city the one north of england where they eat Biscuits and drink tea
4. (3) If the fact’s don't fit the theory change the facts?
5. (6) we bought some Trees which were on sale because our naybor said it was a good deal.

Explain the rule of when one would use a comma to separate an independent and dependent clause:

**Adverbial Noun and Relative clause practice and editing NAME:**

**Objective: CCSS 10.RL.1 – Use various types of clauses (independent, dependent) to convey specific meanings and add variety and interest to writing.**

***For all questions correct the sentences using the editing marks from your notes (or get them online at www.mrrestad.weekbly.com).***

1. (5) A cynic is a man, who looks around for a coffen, when they smells flowers.
2. (3) Hockey players wears lots of protective clothing, in order that they dont get hurt.
3. (5) they live in a city the one north of england where they eat Biscuits and drink tea
4. (3) If the fact’s don't fit the theory change the facts?
5. (6) we bought some Trees which were on sale because our naybor said it was a good deal.

Explain the rule of when one would use a comma to separate an independent and dependent clause.